Energy sector 2050: GHG emissions and decarbonization measures



-190 Public power and heat supply



305

-7 Production of solid fuels and other energy producers

-4 Diffuse emissions

σ

2030

0 Pipelinetransport

-74 Public power and heat supply

-12 Oil refineries

-3 Production of solid fuels and other energy producers

σ

2050



2050

2030

Electricity and district heating¹: Coal phase-out in 2030. Share of renewable energies increases to about 70 % of gross electricity consumption. Phase-in of hydrogen in gas-fired power plants (2.5 GW). Decarbonization of district heating Refineries: Decline in refinery output Other producers²: End of lignite refining Diffuse emissions and pipeline transport: Reduced use of natural gas in the consumption sectors, end of coal mining

2050

Electricity and district heating¹: Direct share of **renewable energies** increases to **100%*** of gross electricity consumption. Remaining power generation from renewable **hydrogen**, and from stored and imported renewable electricity. Completely decarbonized **district heating**. Residual emissions from waste incineration. Negative emissions from BECCS (-3 Mt CO₂ eq.) and DACCS (-19 Mt CO₂ eq.) **Refineries, other producers**², **fugitive emissions and**

pipeline transports: residual emissions close to zero.

(GHG emissions in Mt CO₂eq)

¹ Public electricity and heat supply

² Production of solid fuels and other energy producers

* Includes electricity generation from renewable hydrogen, and from stored and imported renewable electricity.

Prognos (2020)

2018